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- I) Advances in our understanding and utilization of neuroscience will have a dramatic impact on DARPA's mission
 - A) Sensory, motor, and cognitive processes
 - B) Bidirectional brain-machine interfaces
 - C) Biomimetic approaches
 - D) Autonomous systems

All require collecting neural signals and understanding how the brain interprets them. Need data on large populations and fine dynamics.



II) New Technologies: barriers and opportunities

- A) Monitoring large ensembles of neurons
 - •Better spatial & temporal resolution (non-invasive)
 - •Wireless recording capabilities
 - •Integrating in vitro technology with in vivo work
 - •Genetic techniques to measure and manipulate
- B) Understanding neural ensemble activity
 - •Use of non-linear dynamical systems models
 - Algorithms for decoding population responses
 - •Biologically realistic models and learning mechanisms



II) New Technologies (continued)

- C) Implementation in artificial devices
 - Hypothesis generation and testing
 - Brain-like devices and computational methods
 - Engineer autonomous systems
- D) Expanding human capabilities to sense and act

III) Education

- Need to nurture collaborative efforts between theoretical and experimental scientists and engineers
- Need to train a cadre of new scientists with combined skills